

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Withdrawn) Optical alignment apparatus, comprising:
an optical element comprising a curved surface; and
an optical bench, comprising a mounting surface for mounting of an optical component thereon and having an opening formed in the mounting surface, the opening having a size and shape suitable to engage the curved surface of the optical element so as to permit alignment of the optical element with the optical component by relative rotation of the optical element within the opening while the curved surface is engaged by the opening.
2. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the curved surface has a center of curvature, and wherein the size and shape of the opening are such as to permit the alignment by rotation of the optical element about the center of curvature.
3. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 1, and wherein the opening has a position in the mounting surface relative to the optical component so as to permit the alignment of the optical element with the component.
4. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the size and shape of the opening permit the alignment of the optical element with the component by translation of the optical element within the opening while the curved surface is engaged by the opening.
5. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the curved surface performs at least one of refraction, reflection, and diffraction of electromagnetic (EM) radiation incident thereon, and wherein the alignment comprises adjusting a path of the radiation between the component and the optical element.
6. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the optical element comprises a region within the optical element that is adapted to perform at least one of refraction, reflection and diffraction of EM radiation incident on the region, and wherein the alignment comprises adjusting a path of the EM radiation between the region and the component.

7. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to any of claims 1-6, wherein the mounting surface comprises a surface having predetermined dimensions.
8. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to any of claims 1-7, wherein the mounting surface comprises a planar surface.
9. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to any of claims 1-8, wherein the mounting surface comprises at least one of a stepped planar surface, a plane ramp, and a curved surface.
10. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to any of claims 1-9, wherein the curved surface is engaged by the opening at one or more support regions, and comprising fixing the optical element to the opening while the curved surface is engaged by the opening at the one or more support regions.
11. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the relative rotation comprises at least one of rotating the optical element and maintaining the optical bench stationary, rotating the optical bench and maintaining the optical element stationary, and rotating the optical element and the optical bench.
12. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 1, and comprising one or more actuators which are configured to contact the curved surface, and which are adapted to perform the relative rotation as one of two or more rotations orthogonal to each other.
13. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the one or more actuators comprise two actuators distributed symmetrically with respect to the optical element.
14. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the curved surface comprises at least one further surface configured thereon, and wherein the alignment comprises adjusting a path of EM radiation transferred between the at least one further surface and the component.
15. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the at least one further surface comprises a plane surface, and wherein the path comprises the plane surface and a region of the curved surface.
16. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the at least one further surface comprise a first plane surface and a second plane surface parallel to the first plane surface, and wherein the path comprises the first and the second plane surface.

17. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the at least one further surface comprises a reflecting surface.

18. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the curved surface has a first curvature, and wherein the at least one further surface comprises a further curved surface having a second curvature different from the first curvature, and wherein the path comprises the further curved surface and a region of the curved surface.

19. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to any of claims 1-12, and comprising an internal optical element configured within the optical element, and wherein an optical element opening to the internal optical element is configured within the curved surface.

20. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 19, wherein the optical element opening is configured to enable at least one of access to the internal optical element and passage of EM radiation between the optical component and the internal optical element.

21. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 19, wherein the internal optical element comprises at least one of a reflective element, a refractive element, and a diffractive element.

22. (Canceled)

23. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 36, wherein the said curved surface of said optical alignment element has a center of curvature, and wherein the said journal surface has a size and shape of the opening are such as to permit the alignment of said optical beam by rotation of the optical alignment element about the said center of curvature of said curved surface.

24. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 36, wherein the said journal surface has a size and shape of the opening that permit the alignment of the said optical element with the component beam by translation of the optical alignment element within the opening while the said curved surface is engaged by the opening said journal surface.

25. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 36, wherein the curved surface said optical alignment element performs at least one of refraction, reflection, and diffraction of electromagnetic (EM) radiation incident thereon, and wherein the alignment comprises adjusting a path of the said electromagnetic radiation between the component and the optical element.

26–31. (Canceled)

32. (Withdrawn) Optical alignment apparatus, comprising:
a holder comprising a curved surface;
an optical element which is mounted on the holder; and
an optical bench, comprising a mounting surface for mounting of an optical component thereon and having an opening formed in the mounting surface, the opening having a size and shape suitable to engage the curved surface of the holder so as to permit alignment of the optical element with the optical component by relative rotation of the holder within the opening while the curved surface is engaged by the opening.

33. (Withdrawn) Optical alignment apparatus, comprising:
an optical element comprising a curved surface; and
an optical bench, comprising a mounting surface for mounting of an optical component thereon and for engaging the curved surface of the optical element so as to permit alignment of the optical element with the optical component by relative rotation of the optical element on the mounting surface while the curved surface is engaged thereon.

34. (Withdrawn) Optical alignment apparatus, comprising:
a holder comprising a curved surface;
an optical element which is mounted on the holder; and
an optical bench, comprising a mounting surface for mounting of an optical component thereon and for engaging the curved surface so as to permit alignment of the optical element with the optical component by relative rotation of the holder on the mounting surface while the curved surface is engaged thereon.

35. (Canceled)

36. (Currently amended) A method for aligning an optical beam relative to an optical bench, comprising:
rotatably mounting an optical alignment element comprising a curved surface on a mounting surface of an said optical bench and in the path of said optical beam, said mounting surface including at least one journal surface that engages at least a portion of said curved surface of said

optical alignment element to support said optical alignment element while permitting rotational movement of said optical alignment element;

~~mounting an optical component on said mounting surface, said mounting surface forming a~~
~~an opening having a size and shape suitable to engage the curved surface of the second optical element; and~~

~~aligning said optical beam by controlled rotational movement of said the optical element with the optical component by relative rotation of the optical alignment element relative to said on the mounting surface while the said journal surface engages said curved surface of said optical alignment element is engaged therewith; and~~

~~fixing the said optical alignment element to said mounting surface opening while the curved surface of said optical alignment element is engaged with said journal surface in said opening to maintain the alignment achieved by the rotation of said the optical alignment element relative to said mounting surface the optical component.~~

37. (Canceled)

38. (Withdrawn) Optical alignment apparatus, comprising:

an optical element comprising a curved surface; and

an optical bench, comprising a mounting surface having an opening formed in the mounting surface, the opening having a size and shape suitable to engage the curved surface of the optical element so as to permit alignment of the optical element with an optical component fixed in relation to the optical bench by relative rotation of the optical element within the opening while the curved surface is engaged by the opening.

39. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 38, wherein the curved surface has a center of curvature, and wherein the size and shape of the opening are such as to permit the alignment by rotation of the optical element about the center of curvature.

40. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 38 or claim 39, and comprising one or more actuators coupled to the optical bench, the one or more actuators being adapted to perform the relative rotation.

41. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 40, wherein the one or more actuators are

embedded in the optical bench.

42. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 40, wherein the one or more actuators are attached to the optical bench.

43. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 40, wherein the one or more actuators contact the curved surface.

44. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 40, wherein the one or more actuators produce surface waves which contact the curved surface.

45-55. (Canceled)

56. (Currently amended) The method of claim 36 in which said controlled rotational movement is effected by A method for optical alignment, comprising:

~~providing an optical element comprising a curved surface;~~

~~forming an opening in a mounting surface of an optical bench, the opening having a size and shape suitable to engage the curved surface of the optical element so as to permit alignment of the optical element with an optical component fixed in relation to the optical bench by rotation of the optical element within the opening while the curved surface is engaged by the opening, and~~

~~coupling one or more actuators coupled to said optical alignment element the optical bench, the one or more actuators being adapted to perform the relative rotation.~~

57. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 56, wherein ~~coupling the said~~ one or more actuators ~~comprises embedding the one or more actuators are embedded~~ in the optical bench.

58. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 56, wherein ~~coupling the said~~ one or more actuators ~~comprises attaching the one or more actuators are attached~~ to the optical bench.

59. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 56, wherein ~~the~~ the said one or more actuators contact ~~the~~ the said curved surface.

60. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 56, wherein ~~the~~ the said one or more actuators produce surface waves which contact ~~the~~ the said curved surface.

61. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 36, wherein the curved surface is formed by a spherical lens.

62. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 61, wherein the spherical lens includes a substantially flat surface that breaks the symmetry of the spherical lens to allow optical alignment by rotation of the spherical lens.

63. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 62, wherein both a spherical surface and a flat surface of the lens are in the path of an optical beam passed through the lens ~~to the optical component~~.

64. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 61, wherein the spherical surface of said lens is in contact with the mounting surface.

65. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 61, which includes fixing the spherical surface to the mounting surface while the spherical surface is engaged by the mounting surface.

66. (Canceled)

67. (New) The method of claim 36 which further comprises mounting a second optical alignment element comprising a curved surface on said mounting surface and in said path of said optical beam, said mounting surface forming a second journal surface that engages at least a portion of said curved surface of said second optical alignment element while permitting rotational movement of said second optical alignment element, and which includes aligning said optical beam by controlled rotational movement of said second optical alignment element relative to said mounting surface while said second journal surface engages said curved surface of said second optical alignment element.

68. (New) The method of claim 36 which further comprises attaching to said mounting surface at least one of an optical beam source and an optical beam target for said optical beam.

69. (New) The method of claim 36 in which said optical alignment element is mounted on said mounting surface to also permit translation of said element relative to said mounting surface while said element remains in engagement with said mounting surface.